(ii) to *(c)* Government have already recommended to State Governments that it should be made compulsory for all doctors jo'ning government service to serve in rural areas for two years. The recommendation was circulated to all concerned and as per available information some State Governments have made
il obligatory for doctors to serve in rural areas when they join service; some States have obtained bonds from medical students to serve in rural areas after graduation. There is no proposal to start a condensed course for doctors to serve in rural areas.

The posts in the rural hospitals and ■health centres are filled by the State Governments directly. According to the information available with the Government, vacancies of medical officers in the Primary Health Centres were about 14..! per cetn al the beginning of 1992.

Villages covered under village Health Guide Scheme

4426. SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALA VIVA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state-

(a) what is the number of districts not yet covered by the Village Health Guide Scheme, State-wise;

(b) what is the criteria for selection of Village Health Guides and the remunerations being paid to them;

(c) whether any assessment has been made about the commensurable achieve ments of the scheme against the expen diture incurred since its inception; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY *OF* HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D. K. THARA DEVI SIDDHARTHA)- (a) The Village Health Guide (VHG) Scheme is being implemented in all States and Union Territories, except Arunachal Pradesh, Delhi, Goa. Daman and Diu. Jammu and Kashmir, Kerala and Tamil Nadu. The Central Government does not maintain district-wise records of V.H.Gs.

(b) The VHG is a voluntary worker selected by the village community. He/ she should preferably be about 30 years of age. He/she must be literate and pre ferably have formal education upto Clas$_s$ VI. The VHG is paid an honora rium of Rs. 50/- per month.

(c) and (d) No study has been un dertaken with a view to assessing the achievement of the scheme commensurate with the expenditure incurred on the scheme from the date of its inception. However, the last evaluation of the scheme was undertaken in 1984. The evaluation revealed that the scheme was largely accepted by the community and was found to be essentially sound.

Appointment of doctors

4427. SHRI BHUBANESWAR KA-LITA-. Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the U.P.S.C. conducted a written test-cH/H-interview in 1991 for regularising those C.G.H.S, doctors who were appointed on monthly wage basis way back in 1985 and a Hist of 120 doctors so regularised was released in lhe same year by the Ministry;

(b) whether it is a fact lhat the Ministry also released a list of 215 doctors in 1992 which includes doctors appointed on ad-hoc basis in 1970s who never appeared in the U.P.S.C. examination and the list does not include the names of those doctors who qualified the U.P.S.C. test in 1991; and

(c) if so, what are the reasons therefor and the steps proposed to be taken to release the list of those who qualified in the U. P. S. C. test?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D. K. THARA, DEVI SIDDHARTHA): (a) Yes. U.P.S.C. conducted $_a$ written test-cum-interview in 1991 to regularise the services of those Medical Officers who had earlier been working on ad-hoc basis in various participating units of Central Health Service, including C.G.H.S, and